

RUSSIANS HOLD BACK STRIKE.

RAILWAY MEN DID NOT JOIN AT APPOINTED TIME.

Government Prepared for Trouble on Chief Roads—Real Test of Strike Order May Not Come Until Tomorrow—Reports of Military Outbreaks in South Russia.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 4.—Neither the railroad, posts nor telegraph employees show any signs of obeying the summons for a general strike, which ought to have begun at noon to-day. The Government has been prepared for months to maintain these public services at all costs, and it looks upon an industrial strike with comparative indifference.

To-day being the Dowager Czarina's name day and a partial public holiday, the stoppage of work is not necessarily proof of solidarity in obeying the workmen's revolutionary leaders. The printers, who belong to the most radical trade in St. Petersburg, alone are making their strike effective. Communications remain open between the capital and the provinces. Mounted patrols, whose members are widely spread in view of the possibility of bombs, are controlling the chief roads.

In anticipation of riots following the declaration of strike the Navy was patrolled to-day by small steamboats carrying machine guns.

The naval situation remains hopeless. The warships Pamyat Azova, Slava, Czarevich and Bogatry have left Reval for Cronstadt, where they will be put out of commission. The report is confirmed that when the commander of the fortress at Cronstadt, Gen. Adlerberg, ordered a steam launch to convey him personally to direct the suppression of the revolt, the crew of the battleship Emperor Alexander II. refused to allow the launch to start. They were disarmed and arrested.

A number of torpedo boats lie deserted off Papewick, near Reval. Their crews escaped ashore and are wandering at large.

The mining vessel Terek, which was captured by mutineers, arrived at Cronstadt to-day. She had been abandoned by the rebels.

It is understood that among the men arrested at Sveaborg and Cronstadt are several members of the labor party in the Duma.

The situation in the south is much worse. An official message from Tiflis confirmed the report that when the Semur regiment at Gasebag revolted on political grounds the men hanged their Adjutant and their Chaplain. Then they shot the commander of the regiment and ten other officers. Then they distributed arms to the civil population and called upon them to fight for the Duma.

The military crisis is more acute in the colliery district of Donetz, near Kharkoff, where the miners have flooded the shafts, causing millions of dollars of damage. The regions which were ordered to prevent this remained defiantly stationary.

The Reich, a Constitutional Democratic organ, was to-day suspended indefinitely by the Government.

The Government's latest step is to threaten the nation with a suspension of gold payment. Premier Stolypin's official organ, the *Rossia*, publishes an announcement reminding its readers that the Government has the right to issue paper money without compulsion or exchange in metal, and that the Government hitherto has abstained from exercising this right, but the paper says it may have recourse to such a step and so take into its own hands all the property of the nation. Other journals denounce this threat of flooding the country with paper currency. It is regarded as significant that the *Rossia's* declaration is made now, seeing that a 20 per cent. installment of the last foreign loan is due for payment next Monday.

Social life in the capital continues normal. A large dinner party given to-night by Grand Duke Vladimir at Tsarskoe-Selo included among the guests Mr. Meyer, the American Ambassador. Such functions have no political complexion whatever. Reports in the foreign press that Mr. Meyer had recently seen the Emperor and that he had reported on the situation to his Government are sheer fabrications.

A telegram from Helsinki states that the Government losses at Sveaborg were an officer, ten soldiers and three civilians killed and seventy-five wounded. A number of innocent persons were killed. The total number of civilian prisoners at Cronstadt is eighty-five, including members of the Socialist revolutionary committee and M. Anipko, a member of the late Russian Government.

CORONADO, Aug. 4.—A despatch from Helsinki says that the strike there was abandoned this morning.

Helsinki, Finland, Aug. 4.—Seventy-five members of the Red Guard, a Socialist body with a military organization, have been arrested. They include two officers. The Finnish Senate will meet this evening to consider measures for the dispersal of the Red Guard.

A correspondent who visited the main island of Sveaborg by permission of the Governor-General found the streets strewn with fragments of shell, grape-shot and shrapnel. The fortress bore many signs of bombardment, having great rents in its walls, while in the small section of the island that remained in the hands of the loyalists scarcely a house escaped damage. Helmsingers is now like a camp. Troops with quick firing guns are drawn up around the harbor and encamped in other parts of the town.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The general opinion of Europe is that the Russian revolutionary movement thus far has been entirely sporadic. It will surprise nobody if for the time being it is successfully suppressed. The analogy between the situation and that preceding the French Revolution does not go beyond the identity of popular sentiment in the two cases. Unity of plan and action is well nigh impossible when the oppressed people comprise many races spread over a continent, where the means of communication and cooperation virtually do not exist.

The general strike decreed in St. Petersburg is generally felt to be a premature and unwise move. It will weaken instead of strengthen the people's cause as a whole.

The agrarian movement is not expected to take place until late in September or October, and the town insurrectionists should hold their hands for the present. On the other hand the leaders of the revolutionary party point out that delay would be equally valuable to reactionaries in enabling them to perfect their plans for retaining power.

TEAM KILLS EDWARD COLES.

Prominent Philadelphia Victim of Runaway at Bar Harbor.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 4.—Edward Coles, one of the leading members of the summer colony and a prominent Philadelphian, was killed to-day in a runaway accident. Mr. Coles was driving a spirited team and had his little grandchild and her nurse with him in the carriage. While in the crowded part of Main street, a little after 6 o'clock, a pair of the harness gave way, the horses took fright and were soon beyond control. The frightened team, with the pole banging their legs, dashed down the street with the bystanders powerless to stop them. As the team neared the public watering fountain the horses divided, breaking loose from the carriage, which was overturned while going at high speed.

The nurse and child were thrown into the street and beyond a bad jar and a few scratches were unhurt. Mr. Coles was flung with great force against a telegraph pole, striking on his head and chest. He lived only a few minutes. He was taken to the residence of Dr. E. J. Morrison and several physicians were called, including Dr. J. Madison Taylor of Philadelphia, but all their efforts were unavailing.

Mr. Coles was one of the oldest of Bar Harbor's summer colony. For many years he had been coming to his summer home, Aldersden, on Vanderbilt Point. Several years ago he was the victim of a serious runaway accident, being thrown from his carriage and sustaining serious injuries. His eldest daughter is the wife of George G. Robbins of New York, another prominent member of the summer colony.

ITALY'S FASHION IN SUICIDES.

Polen Favorite Now Over the Once Popular Firearm.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—An Italian contributor to the *Lancet* points out a change in the methods of committing suicide in Italy, which country maintains its sinister priority not only in homicide, but in suicide.

Twenty-one years ago Prof. Morelli, an eminent alienist, classified the methods of suicide under three predominant heads; first by firearms, second by dropping from a height and third by asphyxia by carbonic acid gas. Suicide by drowning and by poison were steadily becoming rarer, giving way to hanging and shooting.

For years this generalization held the field, but now the professor finds that a complete change has come about. The shooting and hanging methods are comparatively out of fashion, poison taking their place. Suicide by poison in Italy used to be confined almost entirely to females, men preferring firearms. Now poison is equally in favor with both sexes.

Statistics show the reason for this to be the facilities with which corrosive sublimate and other forms of mercury may be procured on account of their increasing use for domestic purposes in the past decade.

CIGARETTES FOR BRITISH TARS.

Admiralty Recognizes Increase in Popularity of Lighter Smoke.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The anti-cigarette crusade was more active in England than at present, the outcome being the projected legislation regarding juvenile smoking. It seems curious, therefore, that the British Admiralty should select this moment to popularize cigarette smoking in the navy.

For years the popularity of the pipe and the sailors' powerful plug tobacco has been decreasing. Navy men are showing increasing appreciation of the cigarette, and the Admiralty, recognizing this, has determined to issue fine cut tobacco suitable for cigarette rolling at the low price of a shilling a pound, the sailors always receiving tobacco duty free.

ZANGWILL ACCUSES RUSSIA.

Says Jewish Massacres Were Recently Planned, But Were Stopped by Rothschild.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Israel Zangwill, in a speech at a Jewish meeting in Whitechapel to-night, asserted that "Russia could turn Jewish massacres on and off like an electric light."

He said he had recently received a terrible telegram announcing that massacres were being arranged throughout Russia in celebration of the fête day commemorating Russian conversion to Christianity. He took the telegram to Lord Rothschild, who by a providential accident, was able not only to prevent the massacres but to stop a massacre that was then going on at Odessa.

HOUSE OF COMMONS TIPPLE.

Whiskey and Soda Favorite of the Liberal Government.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—House of Commons statistics show that the Liberal Government has a thirteenth lot of members than the Opposition, for the amount spent during the year just ended on liquid refreshments in the House is \$40,000, which is \$10,000 more than was spent in the previous year.

Light wines and champagne are little favored, only 2,400 bottles being consumed during the year. The 100,000 bottles of mineral water that were used would seem to point to whiskey and soda being the British legislators' favorite beverage.

TROUBLE IN BLACK SEA FLEET.

Mutinous Crews Remove Breech Blocks of the Guns.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—A despatch from Odessa to the Central News says that Gen. Kadibars, Governor-General of Odessa, has gone to Sevastopol on board the gunboat *Shkornikova* at the request of Admiral Skrydloff, commander of the Black Sea fleet.

It is reported that the breech blocks of all the guns of the fleet have been removed by the disaffected crews.

To Extend Pan-Islamic Propaganda.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 4.—Two well known members of the Indian Pan-Islamic Society, Sheikh Mubashir Hossain, Kilday of Oudh, and Abdul Kader of Lahore, have arrived here from London with the ostensible purpose of travelling in the interior of Turkey and visiting the Hedjaz Railway. Really they have been invited by the Sheikh-ul-Islam to confer upon the possibilities of the extension of the Pan-Islamic propaganda in Asia.

Longworths Sail for Home.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

CHEROKEE, Aug. 4.—Mr. and Mrs. Nibbel Longworth sail to-day on the American liner *St. Paul* for New York.

NEW ANTI-GAMBLING CRUSADE.

MOVEMENT THROUGHOUT STATE TO STOP TRACK BETTING.

Sudden Activity Against Canfield's First Move—The Federated Churches of Saratoga Demanded It—Reform Organizations All Over State Cooperating.

ALBANY, Aug. 4.—An explanation was given here to-day of the sudden activity of Police Inspector James H. King of Saratoga in ordering the closing of the Canfield clubhouse. It is said to have been caused by the demands of the federated churches of Saratoga county. A compact organization was formed some time ago for the purpose of opposing the saloon keepers and gamblers, the president being the Rev. E. A. McMaster of the Second Presbyterian Church of Saratoga. The organizer and chief promoter is Dr. J. Winthrop Hegeman, rector of the Episcopal Church at Ballston Spa, who is a bitter foe of gambling.

Practically all the churches of Saratoga county are united in this movement. Several months ago they began preparations to stop the clubhouse gambling. It was decided to work entirely through the police authorities. The demand was made in good time and backed up so determinedly that the inspector realized that he must act. The federated churches, it is understood, to stop gambling on the tracks, as under the present law race gambling cannot be reached.

The action of the Saratoga reformers, however, has a State-wide significance, as many of the men who were active in closing up Canfield's place are cooperating in the new campaign to secure a law making gambling on race tracks a felony. They were not in a position to do much last winter when the Cassidy-Lansing bill was before the Legislature, but the agitation growing out of the attempt to nullify the gambling provisions of the Percy-Gray law aroused them, and in cooperation with other local reformers they began preparing for another year. The International Reform Bureau, the National Baraca Union, the State Sunday School Association, the Christian Endeavorers and the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will take an active part in the campaign against race-track gambling.

The Rev. William Sheafe Chase, rector of Christ Church, Brooklyn, is an earnest promoter of the anti-gambling movement. He is chairman of the anti-gambling committee of the Brooklyn presbytery. Dr. Charles Edward Locke, pastor of the Hanson Place M. E. Church, Brooklyn, has also given assurances of his active cooperation. Dr. James M. Buckley, editor of the *New York Christian Advocate* and very influential among Methodists, is using his influence to the utmost in support of anti-gambling legislation. Bennett E. Titus, editor of the *Northern Christian Advocate* of Syracuse, has practically made his paper an organ of the anti-gambling campaign in that part of the State.

A significant development already noted is that some of the county fair people are becoming restless under the attacks that are being made upon them by the reformers. The proposition to obtain an appropriation of \$250,000 or \$300,000 as a substitute for the racing tax is gaining supporters. Such an arrangement would enable the Legislature to pass the anti-gambling bill without injuring the fair.

A very important declaration from a county fair official on this point has been obtained from Walter I. Gavett, treasurer of the Saratoga County Agricultural Society at Ballston Spa. In his letter he says: "While I realize that the societies need help, and to rely on appropriations would be uncertain, still I am opposed to the 5 per cent. tax, for I believe it encourages gambling, and it would be difficult to suppress it with the present tax."

Another phase of the anti-gambling campaign is that it is beginning to attract the attention of practical politicians. While comparatively weak as yet, it gives promise of becoming a factor in the fight for the Governorship. The views of an experienced student of New York State politics on this subject are interesting, if not entirely convincing. He said:

"The leaders of the anti-gambling movement have a magnificent opportunity to carry their fight this fall. Party demoralization and social unrest are in their favor. The agitation of last winter has raised the issue, and the State conventions will have to do something with it. The position of Gov. Higgins is well known. Theoretically, he is opposed to gambling and would probably act if he were sure of his party. He would probably make a clean sweep of the sale of gaming, but a clean sweep is not for no other reason. Judge Gaynor and Mr. Hughes are uncertain quantities on this point, but their records are in their favor. It probably need not be said that Odell would not be in favor of any definite attitude on the question of gambling except as a matter of political necessity."

CANFIELD WILL KEEP OPEN.

Decides to Run His Saratoga Restaurant During August.

SARATOGA, Aug. 4.—Richard A. Canfield has decided to continue running his restaurant during August. He made this decision owing to the earnest solicitation of many Saratogans, who felt that the closing of this popular café would be disastrous to the season. A committee of hotel men placed the matter before Mr. Canfield, and he said that he would keep open even at a loss to himself. The closing was due to a misunderstanding. Mr. Canfield opened a week too early, that is, one week before the racing season begins. If he was permitted to run the other small games would have the same privilege, thus giving too much prominence to the gaming houses.

The Manhattan Club and Bridge Club are also open, but the Bridge closed its doors for one night.

It is said that the gambling houses will not be further interfered with if they run in a quiet and unobtrusive manner. No advertising will be permitted, so that village guests will be unaware of their existence unless looking for them. Ulman and Mackin have been accustomed to dispense free refreshments at the Bridge Club herebefore, and this has been prohibited.

The Cavanagh special arrives to-morrow in five sections, but to-night the town is full and it is safe to say that there will be congestion to-morrow. Everything points to a very busy August. The racing stables are overcrowded with the best thoroughbreds in the country, and many owners and pluggers are already in town and the remainder will arrive to-morrow.

Summer Complaints, Children or Adults.

Dr. Dewey's Blackberry Brandy a positive cure.

Dr. Dewey's Blackberry Brandy a positive cure.

CHOATE IN SAGE WILL FIGHT?

Troy Nephew Says Joseph H. Will Be One of His Counsel.

TROY, N. Y., Aug. 4.—James H. Sage, one of the nephews of Russell Sage, who has declared his intention of contesting his uncle's will, said this afternoon that Joseph H. Choate of New York will be associated with Senator Brackett of Saratoga as his counsel in the contest. Mr. Sage declared that his attorneys believed there was more than an even chance of breaking the will, and the fight to that end will be fought to a finish. Thus far Mr. Sage has been unable to get any of the other beneficiaries here to join him.

Commenting upon the judgments entered against him, Mr. Sage said they were obtained prior to his discharge in bankruptcy and therefore of no forced effect. He exhibited his discharge, signed by Judge Ray of the United States Court in August, 1903, and said:

"That ought to be enough to convince people that if I was to accept the \$25,000 there would be no string attached to it."

DANIEL WESSON DEAD.

Threatening Letters Hastened the End of the Rich Pistol Manufacturer.

Daniel B. Wesson, the wealthy pistol manufacturer, died at the Wesson mansion in Springfield, Mass., yesterday afternoon from neuritis. He had been ill for several weeks and had been falling rapidly since his wife died a month ago. Last November Mr. Wesson received several Black Hand letters threatening to blow up his mansion unless he paid a large sum of money. These letters worried him and he left his home five times after their receipt. Mr. Wesson started as a poor boy and accumulated a fortune estimated at \$25,000,000. He was born in Worcester, Mass., May 10, 1825. Young Wesson worked on a farm and later was set to work learning to be a shoemaker. This he did not like, and he saved \$150, which he paid to his father for the rest of his minority. He was determined to be a gunmaker and for three years was apprenticed to his brother, Edwin Wesson, who made guns in Northboro. In 1848 Edwin moved to Hartford and Daniel went with him. In 1852 he formed a partnership with Horace Smith, and from 1852 to 1855 the firm of Smith & Wesson manufactured small arms at Norwich, Conn.

Mr. Wesson for years had been at work perfecting a chamber pistol, doing away with the percussion cap. This was got out just before the war and made Mr. Wesson's fortune. Mr. Wesson had recently given a fine hospital to the city, and a second hospital was being built by him. He left two sons, Walter H. and Joseph H. Wesson, and one daughter, Mrs. Sarah Bell, all of Springfield.

OIL PROBE WITNESSES CALLED.

All Ready for Special Grand Jury Meeting in Chicago to-morrow.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Henry C. Barlow, executive director of the Chicago Commercial Association and formerly president of the Evansville and Terre Haute Railway, in which the Standard Oil Company is heavily interested, was summoned to-day to testify before the Grand Jury called by the Government for Monday to investigate the oil business. Mr. Barlow has not been in the oil business since 1901. He declared to-day he did not know what was expected of him.

Others summoned to-day were M. J. Carpenter, Del. Colony Building; William Campbell, Deering Construction Company; P. P. Austin, acting auditor Evansville and Terre Haute Railway; John J. Duck, assistant auditor Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad; A. J. Kennedy, a railroad man in Ohio.

Special Counsel Kellogg, who, with District Attorney C. B. Morrison, was designated to investigate trusts by President Roosevelt, arrived in Chicago to-day on his way home from New York. He stopped for a consultation with Attorney Morrison concerning the oil investigation, but the latter was at his home in Dixon. Mr. Kellogg will return immediately to his home in St. Paul.

MRS. WM. RUSSELL BADLY BURNED.

Her Clothing Catches Fire at Her Cottage Near Alexandria Bay.

UTICA, Aug. 4.—Mrs. William Russell of New York City, who is spending the summer at a cottage on Butterfield Lake, near Alexandria Bay, on the St. Lawrence River, was terribly burned yesterday afternoon and may die as a result of her injuries.

Mrs. Russell was dressing preparatory to taking a drive to Alexandria Bay. An alcohol lamp ignited her dress, and in a second she was a sheet of flames. Her husband, who was outside, heard the cry of fire and with others about the place thought the house was on fire.

The woman's shrieks of agony continued, but she was not found until search had been made through three rooms. Meanwhile she had run through an open door and was speeding across the field toward the lake. Some one saw the woman and, grabbing a blanket, smothered the flames. All her clothing except her corsets was burned from her body. The attending physician says if she survives she can credit her escape to the corsets.

HALTS ARMY AUTO AMBULANCE.

Constable Jails Hospital Corps Chauffeur and Spoils Test.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 4.—Constable Weaver of Shiremanstown, six miles from here, to-day broke up a long distance speed test the United States Army was trying to make with a new automobile military ambulance.

On the way from Washington to Camp Roosevelt at Mount Gretna, the machine dashed through Mechanicsburg without regard to the speed limit. Chief of Police Cooper telephoned the constable at Shiremanstown, who stopped the vehicle and arrested Private Thomas Shea of Company A, Hospital Corps, who was operating it.

Shea was sent to the Mechanicsburg lock-up despite his protests that speed laws do not apply to ambulances in the United States Army. He will remain there until Gen. Fred Grant at Mount Gretna is heard from.

Tammany Engages Quarters in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Aug. 4.—William J. Connors arrived home from New York city last evening and ten minutes later he closed a contract whereby the Lafayette Hotel of this city is to be placed at the disposal of Tammany Hall in conformity with the Democratic State convention. William F. Sheehan has engaged several suites of rooms at the Iroquois Hotel.

Dr. Senn to Write a Book on Africa.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Dr. Nicholas Senn returned to Chicago to-day after two months in the east, having been spending the big game shooting and also the Tuxedo Club house this afternoon. Young Tort was employed by the Tuxedo Tennis and Racquet Club, and accompanied by Patrick Nolan, another employee of the club, went into the pool for a swim at the noon hour. Neither Tort nor his companion could swim. Tort ventured too far in the tank and went to the bottom.

Nolan swam to the tennis club to give the alarm that Tort was drowning. Edward Dunn, another employee of the club, ran to the pool and without taking his clothing off dived twice before locating the drowning boy at the bottom of the tank in eleven feet of water. The doctors worked on the boy for nearly an hour, but were unable to bring him to life.

DROWNED IN SWIMMING TANK.

Charles Tort, an Italian Boy, Loses His Life at Tuxedo Park.

TUXEDO PARK, Aug. 4.—Charles Tort, the eighteen-year-old son of Nicholas Tort of the Italian colony of Tuxedo, was drowned in the swimming tank of the Tuxedo Club house this afternoon. Young Tort was employed by the Tuxedo Tennis and Racquet Club, and accompanied by Patrick Nolan, another employee of the club, went into the pool for a swim at the noon hour. Neither Tort nor his companion could swim. Tort ventured too far in the tank and went to the bottom.

Nolan swam to the tennis club to give the alarm that Tort was drowning. Edward Dunn, another employee of the club, ran to the pool and without taking his clothing off dived twice before locating the drowning boy at the bottom of the tank in eleven feet of water. The doctors worked on the boy for nearly an hour, but were unable to bring him to life.

Blue Postal Cards on Sale.

Postmaster Wilcox announces that the small blue postal cards with the Great Seal and a 2 1/2-cent value, are now on sale at the General Post Office, where they may be purchased in any quantity desired.

MINNEAPOLIS ON ST. PAUL AND RETURN.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—The St. Paul and Northern Pacific Express train, which left St. Paul, Minn., at 11:15 a.m. to-day, arrived here at 11:15 a.m. to-day.

RAYNOR S. WELLS IN THE NAVY.

QUITS NEWPORT GAYETY TO BE A SEAMAN APPRENTICE.

Sails for Norfolk to Enter the General Service—Says He Hopes for Promotion Before Four Years Are Up—He Is the Husband of Irene Bishop, a Chorus Girl.

NEWPORT, Aug. 4.—J. Raynor Wells, son of William Wells, a wealthy real estate owner of New York and Newport, has enlisted in the navy for four years. He left the Newport training station to-day for general service.

Wells has not figured much in society in Newport, preferring to roam about and see the world.

Apprentice Seaman Wells is 23 years old and it was not necessary for him to get the permission of his parents to enter the service, and they were as much surprised as his friends to learn that he had taken this step.

He enlisted about a month ago in New York and was transferred to the Newport naval station a week ago.

This evening with a party of men he left the Newport station for the Norfolk Navy Yard, where he will be transferred to the receiving ship Franklin and from there in a few days to the general service.

Wells for some time will have to be contented with pay of \$15 a month. In four years he can be advanced to the grade of ordinary seaman and seaman and possibly to a petty officer's berth, and this is his aim in enlisting.

J. Raynor Wells is the only son of William Wells, president of the Fairbanks Company, a New Jersey corporation, in business in New York City at 418 Broadway street.

A few years ago he married Irene Bishop, a Weber & Fields chorus girl.

The mother of J. Raynor Wells was Anna Raynor, daughter of a very wealthy railroad contractor, who left a large fortune, which after the death of Mrs. William Wells goes to four grandchildren of the contractor.

These four children are J. Adriance Bush and Anna Raynor Bush, children of the late J. Adriance Bush, and J. Raynor Wells and Mrs. Harry Twyford Peters. The last named is a sister of the recently enlisted seaman and was Natalie Wells before she married Harry T. Peters of Bay Shore, L. I., prominent as a horseman and exhibitor of dogs.

It was reported last month that Mrs. J. Raynor Wells had inherited a large fortune left by her mother, who died in Madrid, Spain. In spite of all this she has returned to the stage in the face of the opposition, as it was reported at the time, of her husband.

Mr. and Mrs. William Wells live at 18 East Fifty-seventh street in this city.

The previous nautical experience of J. Raynor Wells was as a member of the Larchmont Yacht Club.

TUGGED AT HER BEDCLOTHES.

Miss Letcher Screamed and Man Disappeared Through Open Window.

MOORESTOWN, N. J., Aug. 4.—Finding a kitchen window open, a man entered the residence of old Mrs. William Roosevelt about 1 o'clock this morning and found his way into the bedroom of Miss Annie Letcher, her granddaughter. Robbery did not seem to be his object, for nothing was disturbed in the house. The intruder, however, pulled at the bedclothes and awakened Miss Letcher. She screamed and the man hustled downstairs and out of the window.

Not aware that he had left the house, Miss Letcher went to her bedroom window and called for help. A late pedestrian happened along and inquired what the trouble was.

"There is a thief in the house!" she cried. "Too bad, too bad!" said the man excitedly, "but I haven't anything with me but an umbrella; I'll go call a policeman."

Neighbors were then aroused and they searched the premises until a policeman arrived.

DEPOSITS MONEY IN SHOE.

Misses It, Accuses the Iccman; Finds It, Said for False Arrest.

FREDERICK C. SCHEPPERLE of 170 Meeker avenue, Brooklyn, has sued Henry Fitter of 127 Grand street for \$200 for false arrest. Schepperle is an ice dealer and Fitter a butcher. Schepperle had the contract for supplying Fitter with ice. As a temporary depository for his week's receipts Fitter placed \$300 on July 8 last in an old shoe and put the shoe on top of the icebox until he could find time to go to the bank to deposit